# NC TODAY

Monthly Dashboard\*

One running theme in our NCToday summary has been "don't pay too much attention to monthly numbers." Many of these figures are estimates, subject to change, and can swing from month-to-month. Instead, it's better to look at broader trends. With that said, NC's August unemployment rate is somewhat noteworthy. First, at 3.9%, NC's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate is below 4% for the first time since September 2000. It also matches the national rate for the first time in a year, and only the 3rd time since August 2014. Most importantly, the decline is part of a 5-month trend – signaling a continuing tightness in the labor market.

# **Unemployment Rate Change**

September 2018

↓ 0.1

4.1%

NC

**J** 0.1

3.9%

# Change in Employed

**1** 13,077 (0.3%) **1** 389,000 (0.3%)

# Change in Unemployed

6,170 (2.9%)

**1** 284,000 (4.3%)

# **Labor Force Participation Rate**

Data

↔ 0.0 to 62.9%



#### **Industry Employment**

4,528,900 Total Nonfarm Jobs

10,400 over the month

106,900 over the year

# **Initial UI Claims**

11,516 Individuals Filing

↓ 056 over the month

1,584 over the year Source: US Dept. of Labor, ETA

#### **Real Taxable Retail Sales**

↑ \$43.8M over the month

\$198.5M over the year

Source: NC Dept. of Revenue Note: July 2018 data most current available at time of release.

#### **Residential Building Permits**

1.2% over the month

1 3.1% over the year

Source: United States Census Bureau Note: Includes multiple-unit housing.

### **Job Postings**

0.6% over the month

6.0% over the year

Source: The Conference Board; BLS; LEAD Note: July 2018 data most current available at time of release

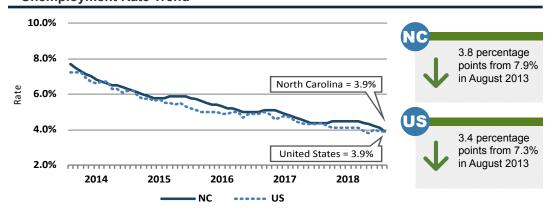
#### **Manufacturing Hours Worked**

1.0% over the month

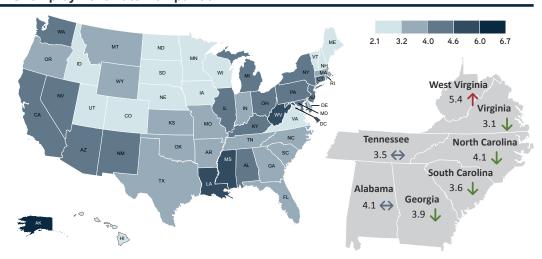
1.2% over the year

Note: Not Seasonally Adjusted

# **Unemployment Rate Trend**

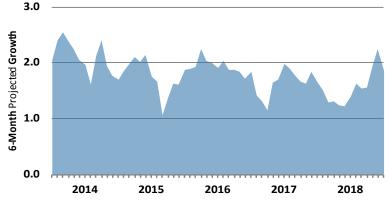


# **Unemployment Rate Comparison**



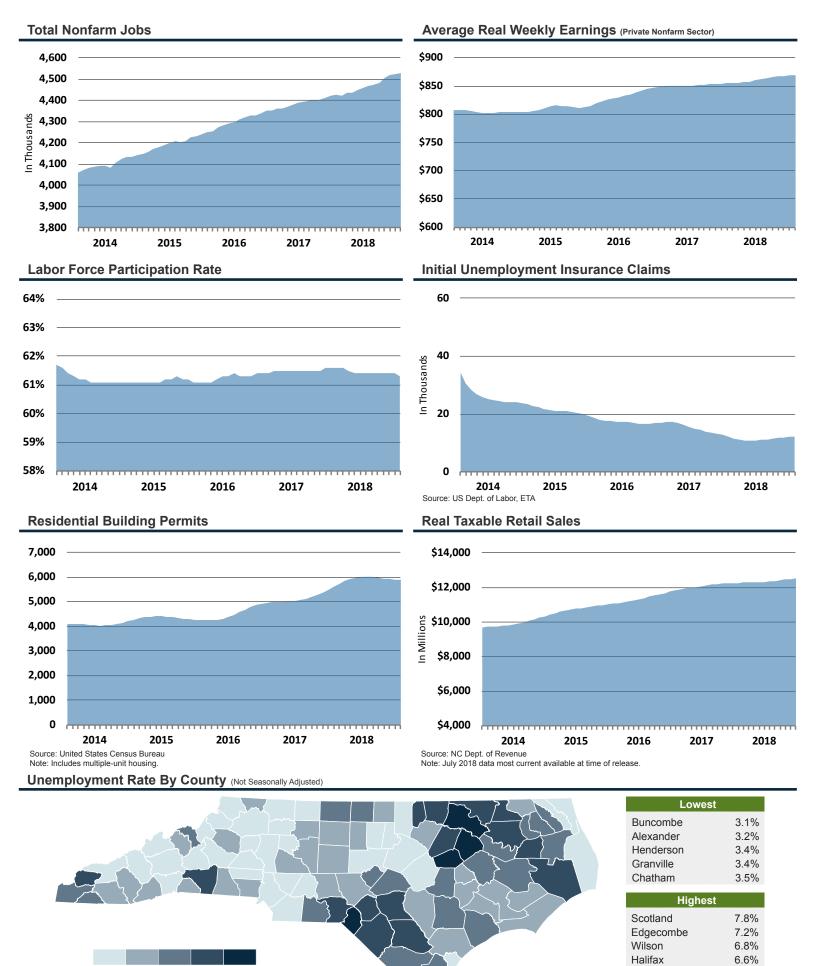
# Philadelphia Federal Reserve Leading Indicators for North Carolina

This leading index predicts the six-month growth rate of the state's economy (as measured by the Phili Fed's current indicator index). A positive number reflects economic growth, while a negative projects a decline.



Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia Note: July 2018 data most current available.

\*All data produced in this publication are based off August 2018 figures, are generated by LEAD, and have been seasonally adjusted and/or smoothed unless otherwise stated. Dollar amounts have been adjusted for inflation using the Consumer Price Index.



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3.1

3.7

4.2

5.0

5.9

Robeson

6.2%