



For Immediate Release: March 28, 2025
For More Information, Contact: David Rhoades/919.814.4611

North Carolina’s February Employment Figures Released

RALEIGH — The state’s seasonally adjusted February 2025 unemployment rate was 3.7 percent, unchanged from January’s revised rate. The national rate increased 0.1 of a percentage point to 4.1 percent.

North Carolina’s unemployment rate increased 0.2 of a percentage point from a year ago. The number of people employed increased 3,448 over the month to 5,098,782 and increased 3,285 over the year. The number of people unemployed decreased 1,813 over the month to 195,627 and increased 9,410 over the year.

Seasonally adjusted Total Nonfarm employment, as gathered through the monthly establishment survey, increased 10,200 to 5,063,200 in February. Major industries experiencing increases were Trade, Transportation & Utilities, 2,800; Education & Health Services, 2,500; Construction, 1,600; Other Services, 1,200; Leisure & Hospitality Services, 1,100; Professional & Business Services, 900; Government, 700; Financial Activities, 600; and Mining & Logging, 200. Major industries experiencing decreases were Manufacturing, 1,200; and Information, 200.

Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment Rates since February 2024

	Feb 2024	Mar 2024	Apr 2024	May 2024	Jun 2024	Jul 2024	Aug 2024	Sep 2024	Oct 2024	Nov 2024	Dec 2024	Jan 2025	Feb 2025
N.C.	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
U.S.	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.1

Estimates are subject to monthly and annual revisions

Since February 2024, Total Nonfarm jobs increased 64,900 with the Total Private sector increasing by 49,700 and Government increasing by 15,200. Major industries experiencing increases were Education & Health Services, 23,100; Government, 15,200; Professional & Business Services, 11,000; Trade, Transportation & Utilities, 9,700; Construction, 7,000; Other Services, 3,800; Financial Activities, 3,000; Leisure & Hospitality Services, 2,200; and Mining & Logging, 200. Major industries experiencing decreases over the year were Manufacturing, 9,000; and Information, 1,300.

The next unemployment update is scheduled for Wednesday, April 9, 2025 when the county unemployment rates for February 2025 will be released.

These data can be accessed on the Commerce website at <https://d4.nccommerce.com/>

North Carolina Department of Commerce

Labor and Economic Analysis Division

NORTH CAROLINA and U.S. LABOR FORCE DATA

North Carolina data is embargoed until 10:00 A.M. Friday, March 28, 2025

				<i>Month Ago</i>		<i>Year Ago</i>	
	<i>February 2025</i>	<i>January 2025</i>	<i>February 2024</i>	<i>Numeric Change</i>	<i>Percent Change</i>	<i>Numeric Change</i>	<i>Percent Change</i>
<i>North Carolina</i> <i>(Local Area Unemployment Statistics)</i>							
<i>Smoothed Seasonally Adjusted</i>							
Labor Force	5,294,409	5,292,774	5,281,714	1,635	< 0.1	12,695	0.2
Employed	5,098,782	5,095,334	5,095,497	3,448	0.1	3,285	0.1
Unemployed	195,627	197,440	186,217	-1,813	-0.9	9,410	5.1
Unemployment Rate	3.7	3.7	3.5	0.0	xxx	0.2	xxx
<i>Not Seasonally Adjusted</i>							
Labor Force	5,271,046	5,287,902	5,259,735	-16,856	-0.3	11,311	0.2
Employed	5,075,410	5,078,100	5,060,208	-2,690	-0.1	15,202	0.3
Unemployed	195,636	209,802	199,527	-14,166	-6.8	-3,891	-2.0
Unemployment Rate	3.7	4.0	3.8	-0.3	xxx	-0.1	xxx
<i>United States</i> <i>(Current Population Survey)</i>							
<i>Seasonally Adjusted</i>							
Labor Force	170,359,000	170,744,000	167,475,000	-385,000	-0.2	xxx	xxx
Employed	163,307,000	163,895,000	161,013,000	-588,000	-0.4	xxx	xxx
Unemployed	7,052,000	6,849,000	6,462,000	203,000	3.0	xxx	xxx
Unemployment Rate	4.1	4.0	3.9	0.1	xxx	xxx	xxx
<i>Not Seasonally Adjusted</i>							
Labor Force	170,116,000	169,814,000	167,285,000	302,000	0.2	xxx	xxx
Employed	162,544,000	162,347,000	160,315,000	197,000	0.1	xxx	xxx
Unemployed	7,572,000	7,467,000	6,970,000	105,000	1.4	xxx	xxx
Unemployment Rate	4.5	4.4	4.2	0.1	xxx	xxx	xxx

Annual population adjustments affect the comparability of national labor force estimates over time. Estimates are subject to monthly and annual revisions.

North Carolina Department of Commerce

Labor and Economic Analysis Division

NORTH CAROLINA EMPLOYMENT DATA

North Carolina data is embargoed until 10:00 A.M. Friday, March 28, 2025

	February 2025	January 2025	February 2024	Month Ago		Year Ago	
				Numeric Change	Percent Change	Numeric Change	Percent Change
North Carolina <i>(Current Employment Statistics)</i>							
Seasonally Adjusted							
Total Nonfarm	5,063,200	5,053,000	4,998,300	10,200	0.2	64,900	1.3
Total Private	4,285,100	4,275,600	4,235,400	9,500	0.2	49,700	1.2
Mining & Logging	6,100	5,900	5,900	200	3.4	200	3.4
Construction	276,800	275,200	269,800	1,600	0.6	7,000	2.6
Manufacturing	458,000	459,200	467,000	-1,200	-0.3	-9,000	-1.9
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	941,400	938,600	931,700	2,800	0.3	9,700	1.0
Information	84,900	85,100	86,200	-200	-0.2	-1,300	-1.5
Financial Activities	310,600	310,000	307,600	600	0.2	3,000	1.0
Professional & Business Services	750,700	749,800	739,700	900	0.1	11,000	1.5
Education & Health Services	713,400	710,900	690,300	2,500	0.4	23,100	3.3
Leisure & Hospitality Services	543,200	542,100	541,000	1,100	0.2	2,200	0.4
Other Services	200,000	198,800	196,200	1,200	0.6	3,800	1.9
Government	778,100	777,400	762,900	700	0.1	15,200	2.0
North Carolina <i>(Current Employment Statistics)</i>							
Not Seasonally Adjusted							
Total Nonfarm	5,038,500	5,004,700	4,972,100	33,800	0.7	66,400	1.3
Total Private	4,250,600	4,225,100	4,199,100	25,500	0.6	51,500	1.2
Mining & Logging	6,000	5,800	5,900	200	3.5	100	1.7
Construction	272,800	268,700	267,600	4,100	1.5	5,200	1.9
Manufacturing	457,900	458,600	466,600	-700	-0.2	-8,700	-1.9
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	935,200	935,000	923,100	200	0.0	12,100	1.3
Information	85,100	85,400	86,100	-300	-0.4	-1,000	-1.2
Financial Activities	307,900	306,400	305,100	1,500	0.5	2,800	0.9
Professional & Business Services	751,200	743,800	737,500	7,400	1.0	13,700	1.9
Education & Health Services	714,100	706,900	694,000	7,200	1.0	20,100	2.9
Leisure & Hospitality Services	522,000	517,500	518,700	4,500	0.9	3,300	0.6
Other Services	198,400	197,000	194,500	1,400	0.7	3,900	2.0
Government	787,900	779,600	773,000	8,300	1.1	14,900	1.9

2025 estimates for the current month are preliminary. Estimates for the previous month have undergone monthly revision.
 2024 estimates have undergone annual revision.
 Estimates may not add to totals due to rounding.

Accessing Data

The data presented in this press release, as well as historical data, can be accessed from NC Commerce's Demand Driven Data Delivery ("D4") system:

<https://d4.nccommerce.com/LausSelection.aspx>

<https://d4.nccommerce.com/CesSelection.aspx>

Technical Notes

This release presents labor force and unemployment estimates from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program. Also presented are nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program. The LAUS and CES programs are both federal-state cooperative endeavors.

Labor force and unemployment--from the LAUS program

Definitions. The labor force and unemployment estimates are based on the same concepts and definitions as those used for the official national estimates obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of households that is conducted for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) by the U.S. Census Bureau. The LAUS program measures employment and unemployment on a place-of-residence basis. The universe for each is the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and over. Employed persons are those who did any work at all for pay or profit in the reference week (the week including the 12th of the month) or worked 15 hours or more without pay in a family business or farm, plus those not working who had a job from which they were temporarily absent, whether or not paid, for such reasons as bad weather, labor-management dispute, illness, or vacation. Unemployed persons are those who were not employed during the reference week (based on the definition above), had actively looked for a job sometime in the 4-week period ending with the reference week, and were currently available for work; persons on lay-off expecting recall need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed. The labor force is the sum of employed and unemployed persons. The unemployment rate is the number of unemployed as a percent of the labor force.

Method of estimation. Statewide estimates are produced using an estimation algorithm administered by the BLS. This method, which underwent substantial enhancement at the beginning of 2021, utilizes data from several sources, including the CPS, the CES, and state unemployment insurance (UI) programs. Each month, census division estimates are controlled to national totals, and state estimates are then controlled to their respective division totals. Substate estimates are controlled to their respective state totals. For more information about LAUS estimation procedures, see the BLS website at <https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/lau/calculation.htm>

Revisions. Labor force and unemployment data for the previous month reflect adjustments made in each subsequent month, while data for prior years reflect adjustments made at the end of each year. The monthly revisions incorporate updated model inputs, while the annually revised estimates reflect updated population data from the U.S. Census Bureau, any revisions in the other data sources, and model reestimation. In most years, historical data for the most recent five years (both seasonally adjusted and not seasonally adjusted) are revised near the beginning of each calendar year, prior to the release of January estimates.

Seasonal adjustment. The LAUS program seasonally adjusts statewide estimates using an X-11 type of seasonal adjustment filter. These estimates are then smoothed using a filtering procedure to remove irregular fluctuations from the seasonally-adjusted series. For more information about seasonal adjustment and smoothing procedures, see the BLS website at <https://www.bls.gov/lau/lauseas.htm>.

Area definitions. The substate area data published in this release reflect the delineations that were issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget on July 21, 2023. A detailed list of the geographic definitions is available online at <https://www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm>.

Employment--from the CES program

Definitions. Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their place of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2017 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

Method of estimation. CES State and Area employment data are produced using several estimation procedures. Where possible these data are produced using a "weighted link relative" estimation technique in which a ratio of current-month weighted employment to that of the previous-month weighted employment is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the current month are then obtained by multiplying these ratios by the previous month's employment estimates. The weighted link relative technique is utilized for data series where the sample size meets certain statistical criteria.

For some employment series, relatively small sample sizes limit the reliability of the weighted link-relative estimates. In these cases, BLS uses the CES small domain model (SDM) to generate employment estimates. The SDM combines the direct sample estimates (described above) and forecasts of historical (benchmarked) data to decrease the volatility of the estimates. For more detailed information about the CES small domain model, refer to the BLS Handbook of Methods.

Annual revisions. Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports that are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months. Information on recent benchmark revisions is available online at www.bls.gov/web/laus/benchmark.pdf.

Seasonal adjustment. Payroll employment data are seasonally adjusted at the statewide supersector level. In some cases, the seasonally adjusted payroll employment total is computed by aggregating the independently adjusted supersector series. In other cases, the seasonally adjusted payroll employment total is independently adjusted. Payroll employment data are seasonally adjusted concurrently, using all available estimates, including those for the current month, to develop sample-based seasonal factors. Concurrent sample-based factors are created every month for the current month's preliminary estimate as well as the previous month's final estimate.

Reliability of the estimates

The estimates presented in this release are based on sample surveys, administrative data, and modeling and, thus, are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data also are subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the specific estimation processes used.

Model-based error measures for seasonally adjusted and not seasonally adjusted data and for over-the-month and over-the-year changes to LAUS estimates are available online at www.bls.gov/lau/lastderr.htm.

Measures of sampling error for state CES data at the total nonfarm and supersector levels are available online at <https://www.bls.gov/sac/additional-resources/reliability-of-state-and-area-estimates.htm>.

Release Dates

The next unemployment update is scheduled for Wednesday, April 9, 2025 when the county unemployment rates for February 2025 will be released.

The complete data release schedule through 2025 can be accessed here:

<https://www.commerce.nc.gov/documents/release-dates-unemployment-rates>